



Chapter 0

Organization and Introduction

Numerical Methods for Visual Computing
WS 18/19

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Organizational Stuff



Numerical Methods

- Many problems are too large or too complicated to be solved with pen and paper or do not have a closed form solution
- Goal of this lecture: Study different basic types of problems and learn about ways to solve them with a computer
- Understand why such methods work
- Learn how to implement them in Matlab

Visual Computing

- Synthesizing, reconstructing or analyzing image and video data
- Key technology in many areas
- I'll try to tailor the examples to visual computing



Exercises

- Exercise sheets covering the content of the lecture will be passed out every Tuesday
- Exercises contain theoretical as well as programming problems
- You have one week for the exercise sheets and will turn in your solutions on Tuesday
- You may work on the exercises in groups of two
- The solutions will be discussed in the exercises on Friday
- **Reaching at least 50% of the total exercise points is required for being admitted to the final exam**
- If solutions have obviously been copied, both groups will get 0 points



Questions within the lecture

The more we discuss in the lecture, the more interesting the course will be! Please don't be shy to say something!

Organizational Things

What will we do?

Examination

- Depending on the number of attendees, the final exam will be either oral or written.
- This lecture is worth 5 credits.



Miscellaneous

- My office: H-A 7106
- Jonas office: H-A 7116
- Office hours: Please write an email.
- Lecture: Starts at quarter past. Short break in between.
- Course website:
`http://www.vsa.informatik.uni-siegen.de/en/numerical-methods-visual-computing`
- To access the course material: username: "student", password "100%brain"

Short lecture overview!

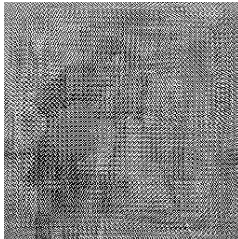


Things that can go wrong,

- Example 1: Does the distributive property hold?

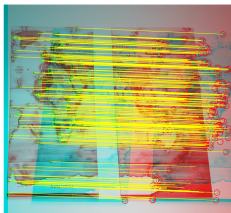
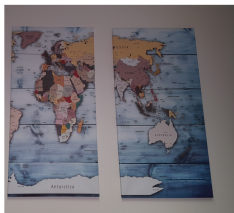
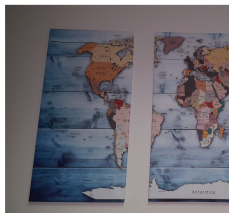
$$(x - y)^2 = x^2 - xy - yx + y^2 ?$$

- Example 2: Image deblurring - does noise matter?



Linear regression

How to fit a linear parametric model to some measured data?



Solve $\min_u \|Au - f\|^2$ and variants thereof



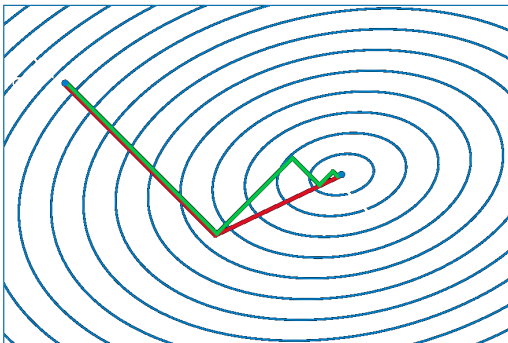
Linear equations

How to solve linear equations

- Exactly, e.g. using Gaussian elimination

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & b_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & b_2 \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & b_3 \end{array} \right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} \tilde{a}_{11} & \tilde{a}_{12} & \tilde{a}_{13} & \tilde{b}_1 \\ 0 & \tilde{a}_{22} & \tilde{a}_{23} & \tilde{b}_2 \\ 0 & 0 & \tilde{a}_{33} & \tilde{b}_3 \end{array} \right]$$

- Iteratively, e.g. using the conjugate gradient method



From Wikipedia: <https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/CG-Verfahren>





Assume you have a differentiable but slightly complicated function, e.g.

$$E(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^n (1 - 2y_i) \log(1 + \exp(-\langle \theta, x_i \rangle)) + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\theta\|^2$$

and you want to minimize it with respect to θ .

As we will see a necessary and sufficient condition is (in this case)

$$\nabla E(\theta) = 0$$

But how can we solve this equation?

Solving nonlinear equations

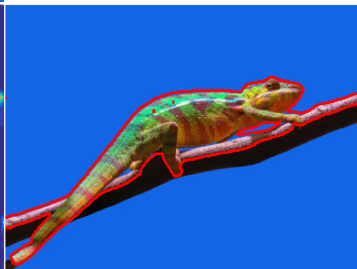
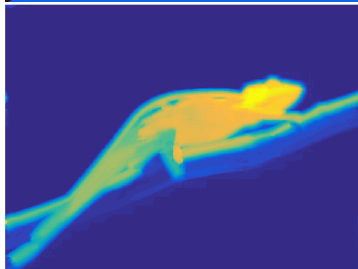
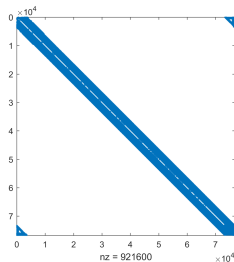
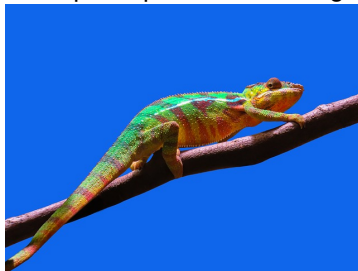
Our answer here: Determine $\nabla E(u) = 0$ using Newton's method!

Our example: Learn a very simple color skin-detector!



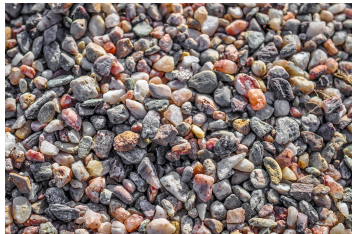
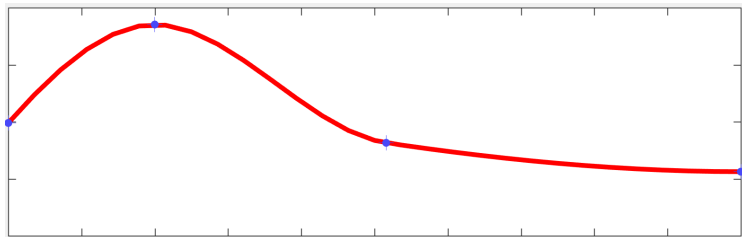
Computing eigenvalues and eigenvectors

Example: Spectral clustering



Interpolation

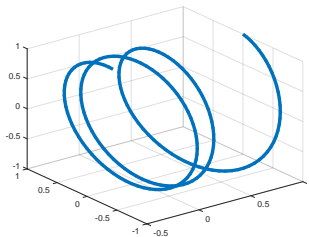
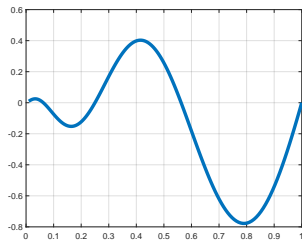
Example: Image filter gui with drag and drop points on a curve



Integration

How to compute the integral over a function numerically?

How to compute the line integral over a function?



In higher dimensions: What is the volume under a surface?

