Numerical Methods for Visual Computing M. Möller, University of Siegen Winter Semester 18/19

## Weekly Exercises 7

To be discussed on Friday, 01.12.2017, 10:15-11:45, in room H-C 6336 Submission deadline: Tuesday, 28.11.2017, in the lecture

## Theory

Exercise 1 (4 points). Determine all eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 & 2 \\ -6 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

## **Programming**

**Exercise 2** (4 points). Implement the power method for finding the eigenvalue of largest magnitude of a matrix A. Test your program using the matrix from exercise 1, and plot the decay of  $||(A-\lambda^k I)u^k||$  and  $|\lambda^k-\lambda_1|$ , where  $\lambda^k$  and  $u^k$  are your current estimates of the eigenvalue with largest magnitude and a corresponding eigenvector.

Now initialize your power method with a vector  $\alpha_2 u_2 + \alpha_3 u_3$  with random weights  $\alpha_2$  and  $\alpha_3$ . How does the power method behave now?